In the Name of God

READY FOR IELTS SPEAKING TEST

Bahman Reza Amiri

This book is dedicated to:

My dear professor

Mr. Hossein Hazeghi

سخنی با خوانندگان محترم:

اهمیت مهارت گفتاری در یادگیری یک زبان باعث شده است که این مهارت در تمام آزمون های بین المللی یکی از بخشهای مهم تلقی شود و با توجه به ضعف اکثر متقاضیان، آمادگی برای این مهارت نیاز به تمرین بیشتری دارد. بنابراین سعی شده است با ارائه نمونه هایی از آزمون های واقعی آیلتس و ارائه ساختارهای کلیدی مورد نیاز، داوطلبان به درستی راهنمایی شوند. نمونه های ارائه شده براساس ۳ بخش گفتاری آزمون آیلتس می باشد.

زمان آزمون گفتاری آیلتس ۱۴-۱۱ دقیقه می باشد و داوطلبان به صورت انفرادی مصاحبه می شوند. آزمون گفتاری آیلتس از ۳ بخش تشکیل شده است.

بخش اول: ۵-۴ دقیقه است. از داوطلبان سوالاتی عمومی درباره خانواده؛ تحصیلات، شغل و ... پرسیده می شود. داوطلب باید از ارائه پاسخ های کوتاه و غیرمحاوره ای پرهیز نماید و از ارائه مثال برای توضیح بهتر استفاده کند.

بخش دوم: ۴-۳ دقیقه طول می کشد. البته یک دقیقه جهت آمادگی به داوطلب مهلت داده می شود. کارتی به داوطلب داده می شود و داوطلب باید بدون توقف بین یک تا دو دقیقه در مورد موضوع روی کارت صحبت نماید.

بخش سوم: ۴-۳ دقیقه است که مصاحبه کننده سوالاتی را در ارتباط با موضوع مطرح شده در بخش دوم خواهد پرسید. این کتاب برای کلیه داوطلبان که آزمون مصاحبه شغلی دارند و یا فرهنگیانی که آزمون اعزام به خارج شرکت کرده اند نیز مناسب است و پاسخگوی نیاز آنهاست.

درپایان لازم است از خانم سارا بهادرزاده جهت همکاری بی دریغ ایشان درامر تایپ و ویرایش این کتاب و آقای الیاس نصیری جهت طراحی جلد تشکر کنم. تالیف این کتاب خالی از نقص نیست و نظرات سازنده شما می تواند در ویرایش های بعدی کتاب راهگشا باشد.

راه ارتباطی با نویسنده : T.me/@abr41

Table of contents

Introduction	1
Part 1 (introduction and interview)	
Tips —	2
Fluency and coherence —	3-5
Example 1- Personal information	6-7
Example 2- Family	8-9
Example 3- Everyday routines	10-11
Example 4- Job	12-13
Example 5- Hobbies	14-15
Example 6- Education	16-17
Example 7- Hometown	18-19
Example 8- Travel	20-21
Part 2 (cue card)	
Tips ————————————————————————————————————	
Connecting sentences or ideas ————————————————————————————————————	22-23
Example 1	24
Example 2	
Example 3	
Example 4	26
Example 5	26-27

Example 6 ———————————————————————————————————	27
Example 7	28
Example 8	28-29
Example 9	
Example 10	30
Part 3 (two-way discussion)	
Example 1	33
A- Choosing work	
B- Work-life balance	
Example 2	33
A- Technology and education	
B- Technology and society	
Example 3	34
A- Problem with others	
B- Making friends	
Example 4	34
A- The internet	
B- Social media websites	
Example 5	35
A- Health	
B- Sport	
Actual Test with suggested answers	
I. Part 1	36-41
II. Part 2&3	42-58
Word formation	59-62
Topics for all test dates ————————————————————————————————————	63-65

Introduction:

Speaking test takes 11-14 ms., and it can be taken up to 7 days before or after the other modules. The examiner asks you questions and you give answers which are recorded.

Speaking test has 3 parts:

In each part of the test you are assessed on 4 main points:

- 1- fluency and coherence
- 2- accuracy and range of grammar
- 3- accuracy and range of vocabulary
- 4- pronunciation

Part One

Introduction and interview

- It takes 4-5 ms.
- Introduction: the examiner introduces himself/ herself to you. S/he asks you to confirm your identity.
- Interview: the examiner asks you questions on general topics, e.g. family, hobbies, studying and so on.
- Part 1 tests your ability to give full answers and to give extra information on general topics with descriptions or explanations.

Tips

- 1- Use contraction (My name's John.).
- 2- Don't give short answers.
- 3- Speak at a natural speed without lots of pauses.
- 4- Use synonyms and show your vocabulary knowledge.
- 5- Use grammatically correct sentences.
- 6- Use adverbs and relevant grammar.
- 7- Use suitable grammar structures.
- 8- Listen carefully to the question and give a relevant answer. Then expand your answer.
- 9- Try not to repeat words.
- 10- You can ask the examiner to repeat the question if you don't understand or hear.
- 11- Sit comfortably and be relaxed.
- 12- Show your confident by smiling and looking at the examiner (eye contact).
- 13- Try not to reply with large words and complex explanations.

Fluency and coherence:

You need to improve the **fluency** of your speech because fluency is one of the main assessment criteria of the speaking test. You need to speak without unnatural hesitation or pausing. Of course sometimes the speaker needs time to think, but this thinking can be done aloud in English, using `pause fillers`.

Coherence is another assessment criteria which is important. It means linking meanings of utterances. `**Conversation links**` help you achieve this feature. Both pause fillers and conversation links contribute to and effective communication. They give you the time you need to think without disturbing the qualities of being natural and normal. They help you to link the ideas you have in mind and avoid repeating yourself.

Overuse of pause fillers and conversation links may convince the examiner that you are at a loss of words and required structures, or you are not very willing to talk.

* Some examples of pause fillers or conversation link phrases are:

```
1- Er ... I would say that
2- Um, let me see. Maybe I can answer you by saying ...
3- Um. Now, let me think ...
4- Er, I believe .../ I guess ...
5- Er, to me ...
6- Um, to sum up/ to warm up
7- Er, ... There's a fairly/ reasonably good chance of ...
8- Um ..., I wish ...
9- Mm .., for me ... is ...
10- Um, Surely, I don't think that ...
```

11- Er ..., the fact is ...

12- Um. This looks/ sounds
13- Well, you know
14- Well. As you can see
15- Well, at the moment, I
16- Well, I think I find quite
17- Well, I can't say that
18- Well, it's definitely true that
19- Well, one more thing needs to be said about is
20- Well, that's not my choice because
21- All I can say is
22- In my mind,
23- In other words
24- In my opinion/ my view
25- In addition to what I`ve said, I think
26- In the same way
27- In general/ In brief/ In a word/ In essence
28- Basically it depends on
29- Generally speaking, I think
30- Apparently , I need to
31- To be honest
32- Let me explain that. You see
33- L can't be sure, but

- 34- I doubt whether ...
- 35- I guess/ think/ believe/ know/ mean/ suppose
- 36- I really + V
- 37- I think this means that ...
- 38- I would just like to say ...
- 39- I see what you mean, but ...
- 40- I don't know how to say it, but I guess ...
- 41- Moving to ... I need to say ...
- 42- So, what I'm trying to say is ...
- 43- You know, ...
- 44- You're (quite) right, of course, but ...
- 45- There's a lot to be said about ...
- 46- There's no doubt that ...

Some basic topics for part 1 are:

Example 1- Personal information



Q: What's your full name?

A1: Mike Brown.

A2: Well, my first name is John and my last name is Carter which means

A3: I'm Reza Ahmadi. Please call me Reza.

* Which answer do you prefer?

Part A: Answer the questions

- 1- What's your first name?
- 2- What's your last name?
- 3- How old are you?
- 4- What do you do?
- 5- What does your job involve?
- 6- Where are you from?
- 7- Did you grow up there?
- 8- Do you like there?
- 9- What's your major?

11- Are you single or married?	
12- Have you ever lived in an English-speaking country?)

13- Why did you learn English?

10- Do you like it?

14- Why are you taking the IELTS test?

15- What skills do you have?

Part B: For higher score: Make sentences, questions or answers.

forename	middle name	engaged/ fiancé
born	age	occupation
surname	divorced	
experience	prestigious	

Part C: Tell me about yourself.

Example 2- Family



Q: Do you have a large family?

A1: yes, I do

A2: Yes, I have a large family.

A3: Yes, I have two brothers and two sisters, and I think we are a large family.

* Which answer gets higher score?

Part A: Answer the questions.

- 1- Do you have any brothers or sisters?
- 2- How many uncles do you have?
- 3- Do you live with your parents?
- 4- Are your grandparents alive or dead?
- 5- Do you have any nephew or niece?
- 6- What do your parents do?
- 7- Do you have strict parents?
- 8- Who do you like in your family more? Why?
- 9- Do you have any brothers-in-law?
- 10- Can you get along with your in-laws?